

CSIT884

Web Development

AJAX

W



UNIVERSITY
OF WOLLONGONG
AUSTRALIA

AJAX: **asynchronous** JavaScript and **X**ML

Consider the following scenario:

Suppose we want to build a website about Wollongong.
We want to display information about

- Accommodation
- Attractions
- Events
- Restaurants
- Timetable
- Weather

AJAX

Wollongong



Restaurants

[VIEW DETAILS](#)[VISIT WEBSITE](#)

PEPE's on the beach

[VIEW DETAILS](#)[VISIT WEBSITE](#)

Coconut Thai Restaurant

[VIEW DETAILS](#)[VISIT WEBSITE](#)

Outback Steakhouse

Accommodation



Adina Apartment Hotel
Wollongong

From \$140 per night



Austinmer Gardens Bed
and Breakfast

From \$108 per night



Austinmer Sur La Mer B&B

From \$175 per night

Wollongong NSW

Friday 12:00 pm
Sunny



23 °C | °F

Precipitation: 0%
Humidity: 47%
Wind: 13 km/h

Temperature Precipitation Wind



Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
23° 13°	24° 16°	21° 17°	23° 14°	21° 12°	19° 12°	19° 12°	21° 11°

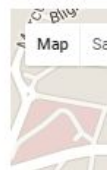
Station details

Wollongong timetable

Address: Lowden Square, Wollongong
Telephone: 4223 5517

Lines serviced:

- South Coast Line
- Southern Highlands Line



Events

AJAX

Wollongong



Restaurants

loading restaurants information...

loading weather information...

Accommodation

loading accommodation information...

loading train timetable...

Events

loading events information...

AJAX

if we use synchronous calls to load informations

- loading info 1...
- loading info 2...
- loading info 3...
- ...

then the webpage will froze and is not responsive during the loading.

What happen if one of these calls fails?

AJAX

asynchronous allows us to send all the requests simultaneously and register **callback functions**

- sending request 1... if success then do this callback1
- sending request 2... if success then do this callback2
- sending request 3... if success then do this callback3
- ...
- request 2 success -> evoke callback2 function
- request 3 success -> evoke callback3 function
- request 1 success -> evoke callback1 function
- ...

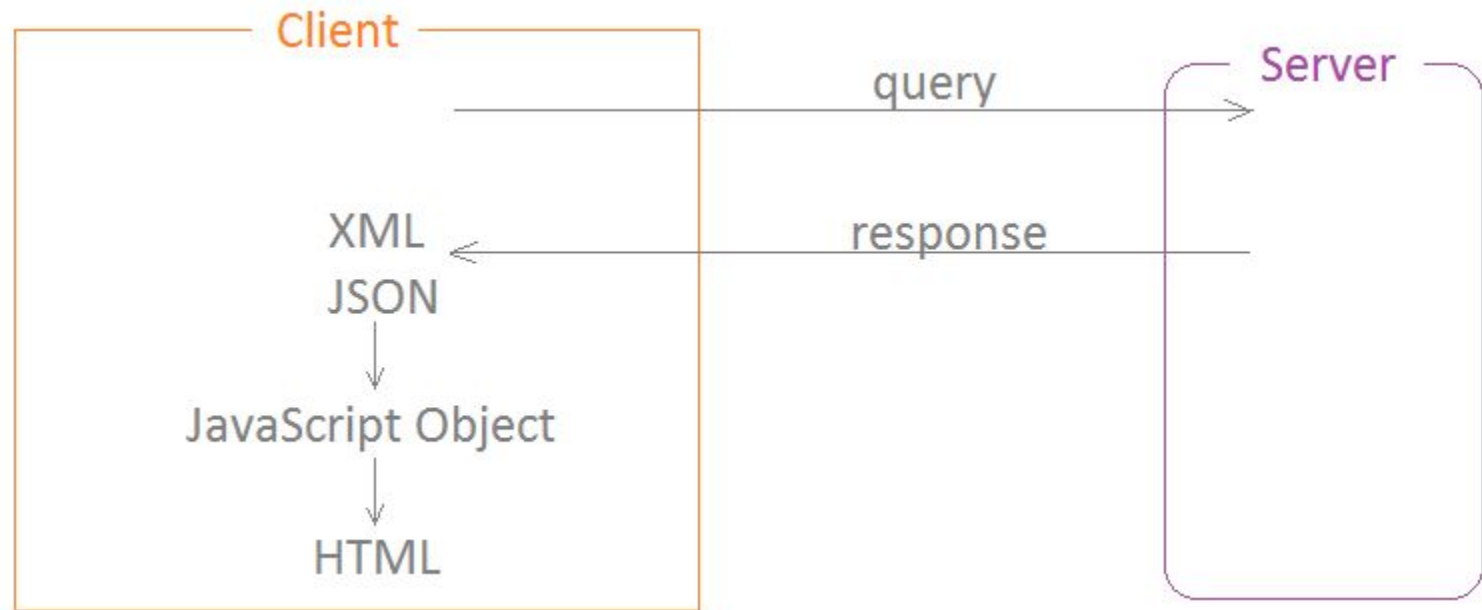
AJAX

With Ajax we can

- update a web page without reloading the page
- request data from a server - after the page has loaded
- receive data from a server - after the page has loaded
- send data to a server - in the background

Despite the name, the use of XML is not required, we can also use JSON as an alternative.

AJAX



Writing AJAX/JSON application:

- **Step 1:** Make the query
- **Step 2:** Get the response JSON
- **Step 3:** Parse the JSON response into a JavaScript object
- **Step 4:** Display the JavaScript object in a HTML page

A sample AJAX/JSON program

A sample AJAX/JSON program

This is the main function:

Step 1: Make the query

```
function makeAjaxQuery() {  
    // create an XMLHttpRequest  
    var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();  
  
    // create a handler for the readyState change  
    xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {  
        readyStateChangeHandler(xhttp);  
    };  
  
    // making query by async call  
    xhttp.open("GET", "url-to-query-the-server", true);  
    xhttp.send();  
}  
  
// handler for the readyState change  
function readyStateChangeHandler(xhttp) { ... }
```

A sample AJAX/JSON program

This is the callback function:

```
// handler for the readyState change
function readyStateChangeHandler(xhttp) {
    if (xhttp.readyState == 4) {
        // readyState = 4 means DONE
        if(xhttp.status == 200) {
            // status = 200 means OK
            handleStatusSuccess(xhttp);
        }else{
            // status is NOT OK
            handleStatusFailure(xhttp);
        }
    }
}

// XMLHttpRequest failed
function handleStatusFailure(xhttp) { ... }

// XMLHttpRequest success
function handleStatusSuccess(xhttp) { ... }
```

A sample AJAX/JSON program

```
// XMLHttpRequest success
function handleStatusSuccess(xhttp) {

    var jsonText = xhttp.responseText; ← Step 2: Get the response JSON

    // parse the json into an object
    var obj = JSON.parse(jsonText); ← Step 3: Parse the JSON response into a JavaScript object

    // display the object on the page
    display(obj); ← Step 4: Display the object in a HTML page
}
```

A sample AJAX/JSON program

```
// parse the json into an object  
var obj = JSON.parse(jsonText);
```

Step 3: *Parse the JSON response into a JavaScript object.*

*Note that this step is done by an easy function call **JSON.parse()***

```
// display the object on the page  
function display(obj){  
    // construct HTML code to display the object  
    ...  
}
```

Step 4: *Display the object in a HTML page*

*The main job the AJAX/JSON program is to write the function: **display***

AJAX/JSON Example:

Weather Forecast

This example emulates an application where a server allows the user to retrieve current weather forecast for a queried location.

Get Weather JSON

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

The purpose of this example is

- to show how to distinguish between a failed request and a successful request
- when the request is failed, display an error message
- when the request is successfully then display the weather information:
 1. parse the JSON response to a JavaScript weather object;
 2. display the weather object on the web page.

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

Get Weather JSON

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

```
<button onClick="makeAjaxQueryWeather()">
```

```
Get Weather JSON
```

```
</button>
```

```
<br /><br />
```

```
<div id="display">
```

```
</div>
```

```
function makeAjaxQueryWeather() {  
    // create an XMLHttpRequest  
    var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();  
  
    // create a handler for the readyState change  
    xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {  
        readyStateChangeHandler(xhttp);  
    };  
  
    // get JSON file by making async call  
    xhttp.open("GET", "weather.json", true);  
    xhttp.send();  
}
```


AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// handler for the readyState change

function readyStateChangeHandler(xhttp) {
    if (xhttp.readyState == 4) {
        // readyState = 4 means DONE
        if(xhttp.status == 200) {
            // status = 200 means OK
            handleStatusSuccess(xhttp);
        }else{
            // status is NOT OK
            handleStatusFailure(xhttp);
        }
    }
}
```

```
function handleStatusFailure(xhttp) { ... }
```

```
function handleStatusSuccess(xhttp) { ... }
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

When the request is failed, display an error message

```
// XMLHttpRequest failed
function handleStatusFailure(xhttp) {

    // display error message

    var displayDiv = document.getElementById("display");

    displayDiv.innerHTML = "XMLHttpRequest failed: status " + xhttp.status;
}
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

When the request is successful

```
// XMLHttpRequest success  
function handleStatusSuccess(xhttp) {
```

```
    var jsonText = xhttp.responseText; ← Get the response JSON
```

```
    // parse the json into an object  
    var weatherObj = JSON.parse(jsonText); ← Parse the JSON response  
into a JavaScript object
```

```
    // display the object on the page  
    displayWeather(weatherObj); ← Display the object in a  
HTML page  
}
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// parse the json into an object  
var weatherObj = JSON.parse(jsonText);
```

What is the weatherObj look like?

```
{  
  "queryLocation": "Wollongong",  
  "forecast": "Mostly Cloudy",  
  "temperature": {  
    "degree": "21",  
    "scale": "C"  
  },  
  "humidity": "66%",  
  "windSpeed": "18 km/h"  
}  
  
→  
  
weatherObj {  
  queryLocation: "Wollongong",  
  forecast: "Mostly Cloudy",  
  temperature: {  
    degree: "21",  
    scale: "C"  
  },  
  humidity: "66%",  
  windSpeed: "18 km/h"  
}
```

parse the JSON response into a JavaScript object

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// display the weather object on the page
function displayWeather(weatherObj) {
    ...
}
```

```
weatherObj {
  queryLocation: "Wollongong",
  forecast: "Mostly Cloudy",
  temperature
    degree: "21",
    scale: "C",
  },
  humidity: "66%",
  windSpeed: "18 km/h"
}
```

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

*We need to construct the following **HTML** code to display the weather information*

```
<h1>Wollongong</h1>
<font size='5' color='gray'>Mostly Cloudy</font>
<br /><br />

<font size='7'>21</font>
&deg; C
<br /><br />

<i>Humidity: 66%</i>
<br />

<i>Wind speed: 18 km/h</i>
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// display the weather object on the page
function displayWeather(weatherObj) {
    ...
}
```

```
weatherObj {
  queryLocation: "Wollongong",
  forecast: "Mostly Cloudy",
  temperature
    degree: "21",
    scale: "C",
  },
  humidity: "66%",
  windSpeed: "18 km/h"
}
```

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

Q: How to we get the query location?

```
<h1>Wollongong</h1>
<font size='5' color='gray'>Mostly Cloudy</font>
<br /><br />
```

A:

`weatherObj.queryLocation`

```
<font size='7'>21</font>
&deg; C
<br /><br />
```

```
<i>Humidity: 66%</i>
<br />
```

```
<i>Wind speed: 18 km/h</i>
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// display the weather object on the page
function displayWeather(weatherObj) {
    ...
}
```

```
weatherObj {
  queryLocation: "Wollongong",
  forecast: "Mostly Cloudy",
  temperature: {
    degree: "21",
    scale: "C"
  },
  humidity: "66%",
  windSpeed: "18 km/h"
}
```

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

Q: How to we get the temperature scale?

A:

`weatherObj.temperature.scale`

```
<h1>Wollongong</h1>
<font size='5' color='gray'>Mostly Cloudy</font>
<br /><br />
```

```
<font size='7'>21</font>
&deg; C
<br /><br />
```

```
<i>Humidity: 66%</i>
<br />
```

```
<i>Wind speed: 18 km/h</i>
```

AJAX/JSON Example: Weather Forecast

```
// display the weather object on the page
function displayWeather(weatherObj) {
    // construct HTML code to display weather information
    var html = "<h1>" + weatherObj.queryLocation + "</h1>";

    html = html + "<font size='5' color='gray'>" + weatherObj.forecast + "</font>";
    html = html + "<br /><br />";

    html = html + "<font size='7'>" + weatherObj.temperature.degree + "</font>";
    html = html + "&deg;" + weatherObj.temperature.scale;
    html = html + "<br /><br />";

    html = html + "<i>Humidity: " + weatherObj.humidity + "</i>";
    html = html + "<br />";

    html = html + "<i>Wind speed: " + weatherObj.windSpeed + "</i>";

    // show the constructed HTML code in the display div
    var displayDiv = document.getElementById("display");
    displayDiv.innerHTML = html;
}
```

Wollongong

Mostly Cloudy

21°C

Humidity: 66%

Wind speed: 18 km/h

AJAX/JSON Example:

Stock Market

This example emulates an application where a server allows the user to retrieve stock market information.

AJAX/JSON Example: Stock Market

Assume that there is a JSON file, called `market.json`. Write HTML and JavaScript codes that do the following:

There is a button “Click here to view Stock Market Activity”. When the user clicks on this button, make an Ajax call to get the stock information from the json file and display them in a table.

[Click here to view Stock Market Activity](#)

Stock Market Activity 24/02/2015 11:30:00

Stock	Value	Change	Net / %
NASDAQ	4725.64	-37.58▼	0.79%
NASDAQ-100 (NDX)	4312.01	-29.38▼	0.68%
Pre-Market (NDX)	4316.29	-25.1▼	0.58%
After Hours (NDX)	4320.61	8.6▲	0.2%
DJIA	17651.26	-99.65▼	0.56%
S&P 500	2051.12	-12.25▼	0.59%
Russell 2000	1113.13	-8.62▼	0.77%

AJAX/JSON Example: Stock Market

This is the content of the JSON file `market.json`

```
{
  "queryTime": "24/02/2015 11:30:00",
  "stockList": [
    {
      "name": "NASDAQ",
      "value": 4725.64,
      "change": -37.58,
      "netpct": 0.79
    },
    {
      "name": "NASDAQ-100 (NDX)",
      "value": 4312.01,
      "change": -29.38,
      "netpct": 0.68
    },
    ....
    {
      "name": "Russell 2000",
      "value": 1113.13,
      "change": -8.62,
      "netpct": 0.77
    }
  ]
}
```

Version 0 - plain display

```
// display the market object on the page
function displayMarket(marketObj) {
    // construct HTML code to display market information
    var html = "";

    html += "queryTime: " + marketObj.queryTime;
    html += "<br /><br />";

    for(var i=0; i < marketObj.stockList.length; i++){
        var stockObj = marketObj.stockList[i];

        html += "name: " + stockObj.name;
        html += "<br />";

        html += "value: " + stockObj.value;
        html += "<br />";

        html += "change: " + stockObj.change;
        html += "<br />";

        html += "netpct: " + stockObj.netpct;
        html += "<br /><br />";
    }

    // show the constructed HTML code in the display div
    var displayDiv = document.getElementById("display");
    displayDiv.innerHTML = html;
}
```

```
marketObj {
  queryTime: "24/02/2015 11:30:00",
  stockList: [
    {
      name: "NASDAQ",
      value: 4725.64,
      change: -37.58,
      netpct: 0.79
    },
    {
      name: "NASDAQ-100 (NDX)",
      value: 4312.01,
      change: -29.38,
      netpct: 0.68
    },
    ....
    {
      name: "Russell 2000",
      value: 1113.13,
      change: -8.62,
      netpct: 0.77
    }
  ]
}
```

queryTime: 24/02/2015 11:30:00

name: NASDAQ

value: 4725.64

change: -37.58

netpct: 0.79

name: NASDAQ-100 (NDX)

value: 4312.01

change: -29.38

netpct: 0.68

....

name: Russell 2000

value: 1113.13

change: -8.62

netpct: 0.77

Version 1 - table display

```
// display the object on the page
function displayMarket(marketObj) {
    ...
}
```

```
<h2>Stock Market Activity 24/02/2015 11:30:00</h2>
```

```
<table border='1'>
```

```
<tr> <th>Stock</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Change</th> <th>Net / %</th> </tr>
```

```
<tr>
  <td><b>NASDAQ</b></td>
  <td align='right'> 4725.64</td>
  <td style='color:red' align='right'>
    -37.58
    <img src='stockDown.png' />
  </td>
  <td align='right'> 0.79%</td>
</tr>
```

```
<tr>
  <td><b>After Hours (NDX)</b></td>
  <td align='right'> 4320.61</td>
  <td style='color:green' align='right'>
    8.6
    <img src='stockUp.png' />
  </td>
  <td align='right'> 0.2%</td>
</tr>
</table>
```

```
marketObj{
  queryTime: "24/02/2015 11:30:00",
  stockList: [
    {
      name: "NASDAQ",
      value: 4725.64,
      change: -37.58,
      netpct: 0.79
    },
    {
      name: "NASDAQ-100 (NDX)",
      value: 4312.01,
      change: -29.38,
      netpct: 0.68
    }, ...
  ]
}
```

*We need to construct the following **HTML code** to display the stock market information*

Stock Market Activity 24/02/2015 11:30:00

Index	Value	Change	Net / %
NASDAQ	4725.64	-37.58▼	0.79%
NASDAQ-100 (NDX)	4312.01	-29.38▼	0.68%
Pre-Market (NDX)	4316.29	-25.1▼	0.58%
After Hours (NDX)	4320.61	8.6▲	0.2%
DJIA	17651.26	-99.65▼	0.56%
S&P 500	2051.12	-12.25▼	0.59%
Russell 2000	1113.13	-8.62▼	0.77%

Version 1 - table display

```
// display the market object on the page
function displayMarket(marketObj) {
    // construct HTML code to display market information
    var html = "<h2>Stock Market Activity " + marketObj.queryTime + "</h2>";

    html += "<table border='1'>";
    html += "<tr><th>Stock</th><th>Value</th><th>Change</th><th>Net / %</th></tr>";

    for(var i=0; i < marketObj.stockList.length; i++){
        var stockObj = marketObj.stockList[i];

        html += "<tr>";

        html += "<td><b>" + stockObj.name + "</b></td>";
        html += "<td align='right'>" + stockObj.value + "</td>";

        if(stockObj.change < 0){
            html += "<td style='color:red' align='right'>";
            html += stockObj.change;
            html += "<img src='stockDown.png' />";
            html += "</td>";
        }else{
            html += "<td style='color:green' align='right'>";
            html += stockObj.change;
            html += "<img src='stockUp.png' />";
            html += "</td>";
        }

        html += "<td align='right'>" + stockObj.netpct + "%</td>";
        html += "</tr>";
    }

    html += "</table>";

    // show the constructed HTML code in the display div
    var displayDiv = document.getElementById("display");
    displayDiv.innerHTML = html;
}
```

```
marketObj {
  queryTime: "24/02/2015 11:30:00",
  stockList: [
    {
      name: "NASDAQ",
      value: 4725.64,
      change: -37.58,
      netpct: 0.79
    },
    {
      name: "NASDAQ-100 (NDX)",
      value: 4312.01,
      change: -29.38,
      netpct: 0.68
    },
    ....
    {
      name: "Russell 2000",
      value: 1113.13,
      change: -8.62,
      netpct: 0.77
    }
  ]
}
```

Stock Market Activity 24/02/2015 11:30:00

Index	Value	Change	Net / %
NASDAQ	4725.64	-37.58▼	0.79%
NASDAQ-100 (NDX)	4312.01	-29.38▼	0.68%
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S&P 500	2051.12	-12.25▼	0.59%
Russell 2000	1113.13	-8.62▼	0.77%

References

- `http://www.w3schools.com/json`
- Robert W. Sebesta, *Programming the World Wide Web*, Pearson.